

Math 10-3 Formula Sheet

Linear Measurement

1 ft = 12 in

1 yd = 3 ft

1 mi = 1760 yd

1 acre = 4840 sq yd

1 m = 1000 mm

1 m = 100 cm

1 km = 1000 m

Imperial to SI

1 in \doteq 2.54 cm

1 ft \doteq 0.31 m

1 yd \doteq 0.91 m

1 mi \doteq 1.61 km

1 acre \doteq 0.4047 ha

SI to Imperial

1 mm \doteq 0.039 in

1 cm \doteq 0.39 in

1 m \doteq 1.09 yd

1 km \doteq 0.62 mi

1 ha \doteq 2.4711 acres

In a circle

diameter = radius \times 2

circumference = $\pi \times$ diameter

circumference = $\pi \times$ radius \times 2

Area

Triangle: $A = \frac{1}{2}(b \times h)$

Circle: $A = \pi r^2$

Trapezoid: $A = \frac{1}{2}(\text{sum of parallel lengths}) \times \text{height}$

Parallelogram: $A = \text{base} \times \text{height}$

Imperial to SI

1 sq in = 6.4516 cm²

SI to Imperial

1 cm² = 0.1550 sq in

1 sq ft = 0.0929 m²

1 m² = 10.7639 sq ft

1 sq yd = 0.8361 m²

1 km² = 0.3861 sq mi

1 sq mi = 2.5900 km²

Mass

SI Mass

1 t = 1000 kg

Imperial (US)

1 lb = 16 oz

Imperial (US) to SI Mass

1 oz = 28.35 g

SI to Imperial (US) Mass

1 g = 0.04 oz

1 kg = 1000 g

1 T = 2000 lb

1 kg = 2.21 lb

1 g = 0.001 mg

1 lb = 0.45 kg

1 t = 1.10 T

Surface Area

Closed cone: $SA = \pi r^2 + \pi r s$

Prefixes

penta means 5

octa means 8

hexa means 6

nona means 9

hepta means 7

deca means 10

Volume

SI Volume

$$1 \text{ hm}^3 = 1\,000\,000 \text{ m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ dam}^3 = 1000 \text{ m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ m}^3 = 1\,000\,000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 0.000\,001 \text{ m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ dm}^3 = 0.001 \text{ m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ km}^3 = 1\,000\,000\,000 \text{ m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ mL}$$

Imperial Volume

$$1 \text{ cu ft} = 1728 \text{ cu in}$$

$$1 \text{ cu yd} = 27 \text{ cu ft}$$

Temperature

$$F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

Imperial to SI Volume

$$1 \text{ cu in} = 16.39 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$1 \text{ cu ft} = 28.32 \text{ dm}^3$$

$$1 \text{ cu ft} = 0.02832 \text{ m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ cu yd} = 0.76 \text{ m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ cu mi} = 4.17 \text{ km}^3$$

SI to Imperial Volume

$$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 0.06 \text{ cu in}$$

$$1 \text{ m}^3 = 1.31 \text{ cu yd}$$

$$1 \text{ km}^3 = 0.24 \text{ cu mi}$$

Capacity

SI Capacity

$$1 \text{ kL} = 1000 \text{ L}$$

$$1 \text{ hL} = 100 \text{ L}$$

$$1 \text{ daL} = 10 \text{ L}$$

$$1 \text{ dL} = 0.1 \text{ L}$$

$$1 \text{ cL} = 0.01 \text{ L}$$

$$1 \text{ mL} = 0.001 \text{ L}$$

Imperial Capacity (US)

$$1 \text{ fl oz} = 2 \text{ T (tablespoons)}$$

$$1 \text{ c} = 8 \text{ fl oz}$$

$$1 \text{ pt} = 2 \text{ c}$$

$$1 \text{ qt} = 2 \text{ pt}$$

$$1 \text{ gal} = 4 \text{ qt}$$

Imperial to SI Capacity

$$1 \text{ fl oz} = 29.57 \text{ mL}$$

$$1 \text{ pt} = 0.47 \text{ L}$$

$$1 \text{ qt} = 0.95 \text{ L}$$

$$1 \text{ gal} = 3.79 \text{ L}$$

SI to Imperial Capacity

$$1 \text{ mL} = 0.03 \text{ fl oz}$$

$$1 \text{ L} = 2.11 \text{ pt}$$

$$1 \text{ L} = 1.06 \text{ qt}$$

$$1 \text{ L} = 0.26 \text{ gal}$$

Right Triangles

Pythagorean Theorem

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

Ratios of Sides

$$\sin \angle A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos \angle A = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan \angle A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$